# **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-O**

(Mark One)
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Ì QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2021

OR TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM Commission File Number 001-38945 VERICITY, INC. (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter) 46-2348863 **Delaware** (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 8700 W. Bryn Mawr Avenue, Suite 900S, Chicago Illinois 60631 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (312) 288-0073 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name on each exchange on which registered **Trading Symbol** Common Stock, Par Value \$0.001 per share VERY NASDAQ Capital Market Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES ⊠ NO □ Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). YES 🗵 NO 🗆 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer П X |X|Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company  $\times$ 

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES □ NO ☒

financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\Box$ 

The number of shares of Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of August 13, 2021 was 14,875,000.

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# Part 1. Financial Information Item I. Financial Statements Vericity, Inc.

# Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (dollars in thousands)

		June 30,	December 31,
		2021	 2020
		Unaudited)	(Audited)
Assets	`	,	` ,
Investments:			
Fixed maturities – available-for-sale – at fair value (amortized cost; \$330,467			
and \$328,263)	\$	360,223	\$ 363,851
Equity securities – at fair value (cost; \$6,783 and \$6,530)		5,496	3,848
Mortgage loans (net of valuation allowances of \$136 and \$141)		47,760	50,427
Policyholder loans		6,303	6,414
Other invested assets		1,162	 273
Total investments		420,944	424,813
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		19,862	 36,242
Accrued investment income		2,586	2,633
Reinsurance recoverables (net of allowances of \$131 and \$131)		168,467	158,015
Deferred policy acquisition costs		89,999	87,212
Commissions and agent balances (net of allowances of \$886 and \$749)		29,367	19,526
Intangible assets		1,635	1,635
Deferred income tax assets, net		12,484	10,926
Other assets		29,603	27,762
Total assets		774,947	 768,764
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	-		
Liabilities			
Future policy benefits and claims		399,473	381,563
Policyholder account balances		82,197	83,869
Other policyholder liabilities		36,724	37,789
Policy dividend obligations		13,145	13,282
Reinsurance liabilities and payables		6,950	6,696
Long-term debt		23,462	24,933
Short-term debt		4,186	5,545
Other liabilities		24,122	19,854
Total liabilities		590,259	573,531
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 6)			
Shareholders' Equity			
Common stock, \$.001 par value, 30,000,000 shares authorized, 14,875,000 shares, issued and			
outstanding		15	15
Additional paid-in capital		39,840	39,840
Retained earnings		131,547	138,777
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		13,286	16,601
Total shareholders' equity		184,688	195,233
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	774,947	\$ 768,764

# Vericity, Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (dollars in thousands, except earnings per share)

		Three Months l	Ende	ed June 30,	 Six Months E	nded June 30,		
		2021		2020	 2021		2020	
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
Revenues								
Net insurance premiums	\$	25,433	\$	26,313	\$ 50,730	\$	56,369	
Net investment income		3,610		3,456	6,864		7,028	
Net realized investment gains (losses)		1,297		1,307	2,813		(1,750)	
Other-than-temporary-impairments (OTTI)		(1)		_	(3)		(54)	
Earned commissions		11,808		4,403	22,430		8,528	
Insurance lead sales		1,758		1,061	3,232		2,649	
Other income		63		117	137		200	
Total revenues		43,968		36,657	86,203		72,970	
Benefits and expenses								
Life, annuity, and health claim benefits		17,430		20,916	39,382		41,677	
Interest credited to policyholder account balances		751		781	1,473		1,564	
Operating costs and expenses		22,748		18,657	46,076		42,186	
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		3,938		3,791	7,178		4,767	
Total benefits and expenses		44,867		44,145	94,109		90,194	
(Loss) income before income tax		(899)		(7,488)	(7,906)		(17,224)	
Income tax expense (benefit)		264		(716)	(676)		(1,874)	
Net (loss) income	\$	(1,163)	\$	(6,772)	\$ (7,230)	\$	(15,350)	

Earnings per share for the periods								
	 Three Months l	ed June 30,		Six Months E	nded June 30,			
	 2021 2020				2021	2020		
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	14,875,000		14,875,000		14,875,000		14,875,000	
Basic earnings per share	\$ (80.0)	\$	(0.46)	\$	(0.49)	\$	(1.03)	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ (80.0)	\$	(0.46)	\$	(0.49)	\$	(1.03)	

# Vericity, Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (dollars in thousands)

	Tl	ree Months I	Ended J	une 30,	 Six Months En	ne 30,	
	2	021		2020	2021		2020
		(Unau	dited)	_	(Unaud	lited)	
Net (loss) income	\$	(1,163)	\$	(6,772)	\$ (7,230)	\$	(15,350)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:							
Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments		5,171		10,231	(3,315)		2,978
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		5,171		10,231	 (3,315)		2,978
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	4,008	\$	3,459	\$ (10,545)	\$	(12,372)

# Vericity, Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (dollars in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,						
		2021		2020			
Common stock		(Unau	dited)				
	\$	15	\$	15			
Balance – beginning of period	<b>D</b>	15	D D	15			
Balance – end of period	\$	15	\$	15			
Additional paid-in capital							
Balance – beginning of period	\$	39,840	\$	39,840			
Balance – end of period	\$	39,840	\$	39,840			
Retained earnings							
Balance – beginning of period	\$	138,777	\$	163,805			
Net (loss) income		(7,230)		(15,350)			
Balance – end of period	\$	131,547	\$	148,455			
•				<u> </u>			
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)							
Balance – beginning of period	\$	16,601	\$	8,757			
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(3,315)		2,978			
Balance – end of period	\$	13,286	\$	11,735			
Total shareholders' equity	\$	184,688	\$	200,045			

# Vericity, Inc. Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (dollars in thousands)

		Six Months Er	ided June			
		2021	2020			
Cash flows from operating activities		(Unaud	aitea)			
Net (loss) income	\$	(7,230)	\$	(15,350		
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss)income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Ψ	(7,230)	Ψ	(13,330		
Depreciation and amortization and other non-cash items		1,603		1,263		
Interest credited to policyholder account balances		1,473		1,564		
Deferred income tax		(677)		(1,874		
Net realized investment gains (losses)		(2,813)		1,750		
Other-than-temporary-impairments		3		54		
Interest expense		784		638		
Change in:		704		030		
Equity securities		(245)		(390		
Accrued investment income		47		198		
Reinsurance recoverables		(10,452)		(12,951		
Deferred policy acquisition costs		(2,786)		(3,742		
Commissions and agent balances		(9,841)		(3,483		
Other assets		(472)		8,388		
Insurance liabilities		18,324		29,023		
Other liabilities		4,523		348		
			_	5,436		
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities		(7,759)		5,430		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Sales, maturities and repayments of:		25.650		26.225		
Fixed maturities		35,659		36,225		
Short-term investments		_		29,800		
Mortgage loans		3,181		1,187		
Other invested assets		94		=		
Purchases of:		(0= 000)		(40.050		
Fixed maturities		(37,296)		(48,253		
Short-term investments		<del>_</del>		(250		
Mortgage loans		(465)		(1,541		
Other invested assets		(90)		(11		
Change in policyholder loans, net		111		(165		
Other, net		(3,145)		(3,179		
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities		(1,951)		13,813		
Cash flows from financing activities						
Debt issued		1,234		7,671		
Debt repaid		(4,849)		(3,850		
Deposits to policyholder account balances		257		228		
Withdrawals from policyholder account balances		(3,312)		(4,176		
Net cash (used) by financing activities		(6,670)		(127		
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(16,380)		19,122		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash – beginning of period		36,242		37,842		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash – end of period	\$	19,862	\$	56,964		
Supplemental cash flow information	<del>'</del>	-,	<u> </u>			
Non-cash transactions:						

# Vericity, Inc. Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Description of Business**

Vericity, Inc. (the Company) is a Delaware corporation organized to be the stock holding company for Members Holding Company (Members) and its subsidiaries. On August 7, 2019, the Company completed the initial public offering of 14,875,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$10.00 per share (the IPO). The IPO was conducted in connection with the conversion of Members Mutual Holding Company from mutual to stock form and the acquisition by the Company of all of the capital stock of Members following its conversion to stock form after its plan of conversion and amended and restated articles of incorporation were approved at a special meeting of eligible members on August 6, 2019 (the Conversion). As a result of the Conversion, the Company became the holding company for converted Members Mutual Holding Company and its indirect subsidiaries, including Fidelity Life Association (Fidelity Life) and Efinancial, LLC (Efinancial).

The Company operates as a holding company and currently has no other business operations. Fidelity Life is an Illinois-domiciled life insurance company that was founded in 1896. Fidelity Life markets life insurance products through independent and affiliated distributors and is licensed in the District of Columbia and all states, except New York and Wyoming. Efinancial markets life and other products for non-affiliated insurance companies and sells life products for Fidelity Life.

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements present the accounts of the Company and subsidiaries for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 and at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report in the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. The results of operations for the interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information furnished herein reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to fairly state the results for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The consolidated results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been omitted from this report, as is permitted by such rules and regulations. Accordingly, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and notes thereto, included in the Form 10-K.

## **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The more significant estimates employed in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the determination of the valuation of investments in fixed maturity and equity securities, investment impairments, the valuation of deferred tax assets, future policy benefits and other policyholder liabilities.

# Note 2 - Investments

The Company continuously monitors its investment strategies and individual holdings with consideration of current and projected market conditions, the composition of the Company's liabilities, projected liquidity and capital investment needs, and compliance with investment policies and state regulatory guidelines.

# **Fixed Maturities**

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses, fair value, and OTTI loss included in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) of fixed maturities available-for-sale are as follows:

	June 30, 2021									
Fixed maturities	A	mortized Cost	τ	Jnrealized Gains		Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		OTTI Losses
U.S. government and agencies	\$	9,857	\$	2,225	\$	_	\$	12,082	\$	_
U.S. agency mortgage-backed		17,543		1,160		(3)		18,700		
State and political subdivisions		60,963		3,127		(173)		63,917		_
Corporate and miscellaneous		152,302		21,754		(250)		173,806		_
Foreign government		378		35		_		413		_
Residential mortgage-backed		6,070		301		(32)		6,339		(404)
Commercial mortgage-backed		18,512		1,199		(15)		19,696		_
Asset-backed		64,842		590		(162)		65,270		_
Total fixed maturities	\$	330,467	\$	30,391	\$	(635)	\$	360,223	\$	(404)

Fixed maturities	Amortized Cost		Unrealized Gains			Unrealized Losses				OTTI Losses
U.S. government and agencies	\$	11,386	\$	2,886	\$	_	\$	14,272	\$	_
U.S. agency mortgage-backed		21,015		1,461		_		22,476		
State and political subdivisions		57,646		3,798		(15)		61,429		_
Corporate and miscellaneous		143,242		26,069		(258)		169,053		_
Foreign government		131		45		_		176		_
Residential mortgage-backed		6,060		388		(27)		6,421		(151)
Commercial mortgage-backed		18,567		1,503		(53)		20,017		_
Asset-backed		70,216		605		(814)		70,007		(260)
Total fixed maturities	\$	328,263	\$	36,755	\$	(1,167)	\$	363,851	\$	(411)

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Maturities of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities may be substantially shorter than their contractual maturity because they may require monthly principal installments and such loans may prepay principal. The amortized cost and fair value of fixed maturities available-for-sale by contractual maturity, are presented in the following table:

		June 30, 2021					
	Aı	mortized Cost		Fair Value			
Due in one year or less	\$	2,748	\$	2,760			
Due after one year through five years		38,376		41,629			
Due after five years through ten years		53,694		58,221			
Due after ten years		128,680		147,608			
Securities not due at a single maturity date — primarily mortgage and							
asset-backed		106,969		110,005			
Total fixed maturities	\$	330,467	\$	360,223			

Fixed maturities with a carrying value of \$3,568 and \$3,852 were on deposit with governmental authorities, as required by law at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

The Company's fixed maturities portfolio was primarily composed of investment grade securities, defined as a security having a rating of Aaa, Aa, A, or Baa from Moody's, AAA, AA, A, or BBB from Standard & Poor's, or National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) rating of NAIC 1 or NAIC 2. Investment grade securities comprised 97.3% and 97.9% of the Company's total fixed maturities portfolio at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had commitments to make investments in available-for-sale securities in the amount of \$10,000 and \$3,027, respectively.

# **Mortgage Loans**

The Company makes investments in commercial mortgage loans. The Company, along with other investors, owns a pro rata share of each loan. The Company participates in 34 such investment instruments with ownership shares ranging from 0.6% to 30.0% of the trust at June 30, 2021. The Company owns a share of 283 mortgage loans with an average loan balance of \$169 and a maximum exposure related to any single loan of \$555. Mortgage loan holdings are diversified by geography and property type as follows:

		June 30,	2021		December 3	1, 2020		
	Gross Carrying Value		% of Total	Gro	oss Carrying Value	% of Total		
Property Type:								
Retail	\$	15,706	32.8%	\$	16,252	32.1%		
Office		12,195	25.5%		12,493	24.7%		
Industrial		7,230	15.1%		8,095	16.0%		
Mixed use		5,624	11.7%		6,014	11.9%		
Apartments		2,942	6.1%		3,439	6.8%		
Medical office		3,068	6.4%		3,119	6.2%		
Other		1,131	2.4%		1,156	2.3%		
Gross carrying value of mortgage loans		47,896	100.0%		50,568	100.0%		
Valuation allowance		(136)			(141)			
Net carrying value of mortgage loans	\$	47,760		\$	50,427			

	June 30, 2021				31, 2020	
	Gross Carrying Value		% of Total	Gr	oss Carrying Value	% of Total
U.S. Region:						
West South Central	\$	11,581	24.2%	\$	11,780	23.3%
East North Central		11,907	24.9%		12,105	23.9%
South Atlantic		10,102	21.1%		10,908	21.6%
West North Central		3,575	7.5%		3,981	7.9%
Mountain		3,471	7.2%		4,404	8.7%
Middle Atlantic		2,784	5.8%		2,824	5.6%
East South Central		2,989	6.2%		3,060	6.1%
New England		87	0.2%		91	0.2%
Pacific		1,400	2.9%		1,415	2.8%
Gross carrying value of mortgage loans		47,896	100.0%		50,568	100.0%
Valuation allowance		(136)			(141)	
Net carrying value of mortgage loans	\$	47,760		\$	50,427	

During the six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, \$465 and \$1,541 of new mortgage loans were purchased, respectively, which did not include second lien mortgage loans. There were no taxes, assessments, or any amounts advanced that were not included in the mortgage loan balances at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had 5 and 6 mortgage loans with a total carrying value of \$1,356 and \$1,408 that were in a restructured status, respectively. There were no impairments for mortgage loans at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

The changes in the valuation allowance for commercial mortgage loans were as follows:

	;	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021	Ye	ar Ended December 31, 2020
Beginning balance	\$	141	\$	53
Net (decrease) increase in valuation allowance		(5)		88
Ending balance	\$	136	\$	141

At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had no mortgage loans that were on nonaccrual status.

At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had commitments to make investments in mortgage loans in the amount of \$3,339 and \$1,299, respectively.

#### **Net Investment Income**

The sources of net investment income are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2021 2020			2021		2020			
Interest from:									
Fixed maturities	\$	3,066	\$	2,994	\$	5,980	\$	5,962	
Policyholder loans		35		86		127		172	
Mortgage loans		796		624		1,422		1,264	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		1		35		5		250	
Dividends on equity securities		89		90		179		195	
Gross investment income		3,987		3,829		7,713		7,843	
Investment expenses		(377)		(373)		(849)		(815)	
Net investment income	\$	3,610	\$	3,456	\$	6,864	\$	7,028	

Investment expenses include investment management fees, some of which include incentives based on market performance, custodial fees and internal costs for investment-related activities.

#### **Net Realized Investment Gains (Losses)**

The sources of realized investment gains (losses) are as follows:

	Th	ree Months	Ended	June 30,	 Six Months Ended	30,	
	2021		2020		 2021		2020
Investment gains (losses) from:							
Fixed maturities	\$	228	\$	391	\$ 488	\$	251
Equity securities		747		906	1,402		(2,009)
Other invested assets		281		_	889		_
Mortgage loans		48		11	53		20
Investment expenses		(7)		(1)	(19)		(12)
Total net realized investment gains (losses)	\$	1,297	\$	1,307	\$ 2,813	\$	(1,750)

### **Other-Than-Temporary Impairments**

The Company regularly reviews its investments portfolio for factors that may indicate that a decline in the fair value of an investment is other-than-temporary. A fixed maturity has OTTI if the fair value of the security is less than its amortized cost basis and the Company either intends to sell the fixed maturity or it is more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the fixed maturity before recovery of its amortized cost basis. For all other securities in an unrealized loss position in which the Company does not expect to recover the entire amortized cost basis, the security is deemed to be OTTI for credit reasons.

Significant judgment is required in the determination of whether an OTTI loss has occurred for a security. The Company has developed a consistent methodology and has identified significant inputs for determining whether an OTTI loss has occurred. Some of the factors considered in evaluating whether a decline in fair value is OTTI are the financial condition and prospects of the issuer, payment status, the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due, credit ratings of the securities, and the duration and severity of the decline.

The credit loss component of fixed maturity impairment is calculated as the difference between amortized cost and the present value of the expected cash flows of the security. The present value is determined using the best estimate of cash flows discounted at the effective rate implicit to the security at the date of purchase or prior impairment. The methodology and assumptions for estimating the cash flows vary depending on the type of security. For mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, cash flow estimates, including prepayment assumptions, are based on data from widely accepted third-party sources or internal estimates. In addition to prepayment assumptions, cash flow estimates vary based on assumptions regarding the underlying collateral characteristics, expectations of delinquency and default rates, and structural support, including subordination and guarantees. If the present value of the modeled expected cash flows equals or exceeds the amortized cost of a security, no credit loss exists, and the security is considered to be temporarily impaired. If the present value of the expected cash flows is less than amortized cost, the security is determined to be OTTI impaired for credit reasons and is recognized as an OTTI loss in earnings. The non-credit component, determined as the difference between the adjusted amortized cost basis and fair value, is recognized as OTTI in other comprehensive (loss) income.

A rollforward of the cumulative credit losses on fixed maturities are as follows:

	ıne 30, 2021	D	ecember 31, 2020
Beginning balance of credit losses on fixed maturities	\$ 833	\$	869
Additional credit losses for which an OTTI was not previously recognized	3		68
Reduction of credit losses related to securities sold during period	_		(104)
Ending balance of credit losses on fixed maturities	\$ 836	\$	833

# **Unrealized Losses for Fixed Maturities**

The Company's fair value and gross unrealized losses for fixed maturities available-for-sale, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous gross unrealized loss position are as follows:

	12 months or less			Longer than 12 months								
June 30, 2021	Estimated Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses		Estimated Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses		ealized Estin		Un	Gross realized Losses
Fixed maturities												
U.S. agency mortgage-backed	\$	134	\$	(3)	\$	12	\$	_	\$	146	\$	(3)
State and political subdivisions		13,762		(173)		_		_		13,762		(173)
Corporate and miscellaneous		6,945		(217)		1,271		(33)		8,216		(250)
Residential mortgage-backed		473		(9)		418		(23)		891		(32)
Commercial mortgage-backed		823		(4)		394		(11)		1,217		(15)
Asset-backed		17,329		(78)		10,183		(84)		27,512		(162)
Total fixed maturities	\$	39,466	\$	(484)	\$	12,278	\$	(151)	\$	51,744	\$	(635)

	12 months or less			Longer than 12 months				Total				
December 31, 2020	Estimated Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses		Estimated Fair Value		Un	Gross Unrealized Losses		stimated ir Value	Un	Gross realized Losses
Fixed maturities												
U.S. agency mortgage-backed	\$	17	\$	_	\$	12	\$	_	\$	29	\$	_
State and political subdivisions		2,320		(15)		_		_		2,320		(15)
Corporate and miscellaneous		5,177		(256)		254		(2)		5,431		(258)
Residential mortgage-backed		480		(10)		140		(17)		620		(27)
Commercial mortgage-backed		1,028		(46)		73		(7)		1,101		(53)
Asset-backed		34,859		(607)		11,247		(207)		46,106		(814)
Total fixed maturities	\$	43,881	\$	(934)	\$	11,726	\$	(233)	\$	55,607	\$	(1,167)

The indicated gross unrealized losses in all fixed maturity categories decreased to \$635 from \$1,167 at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Based on the Company's current evaluation of its fixed maturities in an unrealized loss position, in accordance with our impairment policy and the Company's current intentions regarding these securities, the Company concluded that these securities were not OTTI.

Information and concentrations related to fixed maturities in an unrealized loss position are included below. The tables below include the number of fixed maturities in an unrealized loss position for greater than and less than 12 months and the percentage that were investment grade at June 30, 2021.

		Unreali	zed Losses 12 months	or less	
	Total	Impairment is Less than 10% of Amortized Cost	Number of Securities Impairment is Between 10% and 20% of Amortized Cost	Impairment is Greater than 20% of Amortized Cost	Percent Investment Grade
Fixed maturities					
U.S. agency mortgage-backed	2	2		_	100%
State and political subdivisions	37	37	_	_	100%
Corporate and miscellaneous	46	44		2	80%
Residential mortgage-backed	5	5	_	_	100%
Commercial mortgage-backed	2	2	_	_	100%
Asset-backed	38	38			100%
Total fixed maturities	130	128		2	
		Unrealized	Losses greater than	12 months	
	Total	Impairment is Less than 10% of Amortized Cost	Number of Securities Impairment is Between 10% and 20% of Amortized Cost	Impairment is Greater than 20% of Amortized Cost	Percent Investment Grade
Fixed maturities					
U.S. agency mortgage-backed	1	1	_	_	80%
Corporate and miscellaneous	3	2	1	_	100%
Residential mortgage-backed	6	5	1	_	0%

# Note 3 - Policy Liabilities

Total fixed maturities

Commercial mortgage-backed

# **Future Policy Benefits**

Asset-backed

Future policy benefits represent the reserve for direct and assumed traditional life insurance policies and annuities in payout status.

The annuities in payout status are certain structured settlement contracts. The policy liability for structured settlement contracts of \$20,120 and \$21,489 at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, is computed as the present value of contractually specified future benefits. The amount included in the policy liability for structured settlements that are life contingent at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, is \$16,018 and \$17,084, respectively.

3

17

30

3

16

27

67%

100%

To the extent that unrealized gains on fixed maturities would result in a premium deficiency had those gains actually been realized, a premium deficiency reserve is recorded. A liability of \$6,970 and \$8,010 is included as part of the liability for structured settlements with respect to this deficiency at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The offset to this liability is recorded as a reduction of the unrealized capital gains included in AOCI.

Participating life insurance in force was 9.5% and 11.6% of the face value of total life insurance at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

#### Note 4 - Reinsurance

The Company uses reinsurance to mitigate exposure to potential losses, provide additional capacity for growth, and provide greater diversity of business. For ceded reinsurance, the Company remains liable to the extent that reinsuring companies may not be able to meet their obligations under the reinsurance agreements. To manage the risk from failure of a reinsurer to meet its obligations, the Company periodically evaluates the financial condition of all of its reinsurers.

Reinsurance recoverable are as follows:

	 June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Ceded future policy benefits	\$ 137,326	\$ 128,456
Claims and other amounts recoverables	31,141	29,559
Ending balance	\$ 168,467	\$ 158,015

The reconciliation of direct premiums to net premiums is as follows:

	Three Months	June 30,	 Six Months E	ıded June 30,		
	2021		2020	2021	2020	
Direct premiums	\$ 42,320	\$	38,423	\$ 83,849	\$	66,524
Assumed premiums	9,338		9,703	18,115		18,072
Ceded premiums	(26,225)		(21,813)	(51,234)		(28,227)
Net insurance premiums	\$ 25,433	\$	26,313	\$ 50,730	\$	56,369

Net policy charges on universal life products were \$45, \$90, \$43 and \$87 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and are included in other income.

At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, reserves related to fixed-rate annuity deposits assumed from a former affiliate company amounted to approximately \$73,453 and \$74,918, respectively, and are included with policyholder account balances in the Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

# Note 5 - Closed Block

The Closed Block was formed at October 1, 2006 and contains all participating policies issued or assumed by Fidelity Life. The assets and future net cash flows of the Closed Block are available only for purposes of paying benefits, expenses and dividends of the Closed Block and are not available to the Company, except for an amount of additional funding that was established at the inception of the Closed Block. The additional funding was designed to protect the block against future experience, and if the funding is not required for that purpose, is subject to reversion to the Company in the future. Any reversion of Closed Block assets to the Company must be approved by the Illinois Department of Insurance (IDOI).

In October 2011, the IDOI approved a reversion of a portion of the initial funding that the Company had determined was not required to fund the Closed Block. The carrying value of the assets transferred from the Closed Block on October 31, 2011, the date of transfer, was \$4,397.

The assets and liabilities within the Closed Block are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements on the same basis as other accounts of the Company. The maximum future earnings and accumulated other comprehensive income to be recognized from Closed Block assets and liabilities represent the estimated future Closed Block profits that will accrue to the Company and is calculated as the excess of Closed Block assets over Closed Block liabilities. Included in Closed Block assets at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 is \$10,308 and \$10,170 of additional Closed Block funding, plus accrued interest, that is eligible for reversion to the Company if not needed to fund Closed Block experience, respectively.

The Closed Block was funded based on a model developed to forecast the future cash flows of the Closed Block, which is referred to as the actuarial calculation. The actuarial calculation projected the anticipated future cash flows of the Closed Block as established at the initial funding. We compare the actual results of the Closed Block to expected results from the actuarial calculation as part of the annual assessment of the current level of policyholder dividends. The assessment of policyholder dividends includes projections of future experience of the Closed Block. The review of Closed Block experience also includes consideration of whether a policy dividend obligation should be recorded to reflect favorable Closed Block experience that has not yet been reflected in the dividend scales. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company recognized a policyholder dividend obligation of \$13,145 and \$13,282, respectively, resulting from the excess of actual cumulative earnings over the expected cumulative earnings and from accumulated net unrealized investment gains that have arisen subsequent to the establishment of the Closed Block.

The impacts on the Company's comprehensive (loss) income from recognizing policyholder dividend obligations are as follows:

		June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Actual cumulative (loss) income earnings over expected cumulative earnings	\$	(9,742)	\$ (9,284)
Income tax (benefit) expense		(2,046)	(1,950)
Net (loss) income impact		(7,696)	(7,334)
Accumulated net unrealized investment (losses) gains		(3,403)	(3,998)
Income tax (benefit) expense		(715)	(839)
Other comprehensive (loss) income impact	<u> </u>	(2,688)	(3,159)
Comprehensive (loss) income impact	\$	(10,384)	\$ (10,493)

Information regarding the Closed Block liabilities (assets) designated to the Closed Block is as follows:

Closed Block Liabilities	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020
Future policy benefits and claims	\$ 34,807	\$	38,110
Policyholder account balances	7,044		7,272
Other policyholder liabilities	3,294		6,360
Policyholder dividend obligations	13,145		13,282
Other liabilities (assets)	(634)		(619)
Total Closed Block liabilities	 57,656		64,405
Assets Designated to the Closed Block			
Investments:			
Fixed maturities - available-for-sale (amortized cost \$38,414 and \$37,364, respectively)	43,756		43,738
Policyholder loans	1,204		1,245
Total investments	44,960		44,983
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	802		2,614
Premiums due and uncollected	1,581		1,029
Accrued investment income	415		427
Reinsurance recoverables	16,806		22,689
Deferred income tax assets, net	3,297		3,130
Total assets designated to the Closed Block	 67,861		74,872
Excess of Closed Block assets over liabilities	10,205		10,467
Amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive income:			
Unrealized investment gains (losses), net of income tax	4,220		5,035
Allocated to policyholder dividend obligations, net of income tax	 (2,688)		(3,159)
Total amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive income	1,532		1,876
Maximum future earnings and accumulated other comprehensive income to be recognized from Closed Block assets and liabilities (includes excess	_		
assets of \$10,308 and \$10,170, respectively)	\$ (8,673)	\$	(8,591)
	June 30,		December 31,
Policyholder Dividend Obligations	2021		2020
Beginning balance	\$ 13,282	\$	11,453
Impact from earnings allocable to policyholder dividend obligations	458		235
Change in net unrealized investment gains (losses) allocated to policyholder			
dividend obligations	(595)	_	1,594
Ending balance	\$ 13,145	\$	13,282

Information regarding the Closed Block revenues and expenses is as follows:

	Tl	hree Months	Ended Jı	ıne 30,	Six Mon		ıded Ju	me 30,
		2021		2020		2021		2020
Revenues								
Net insurance premiums	\$	795	\$	1,193	\$	1,695	\$	6,454
Net investment income		364		385		715		762
Realized gains		36		31		36		31
Total revenues		1,195		1,609		2,446		7,247
Benefits and expenses								
Life and annuity benefits - including policyholder dividends of \$223, \$308, \$623 and \$700 respectively		771		1,432		2,695		5,878
Interest credited to policyholder account balances		44		46		86		92
Operating costs and expenses		(198)		(67)		(439)		3,509
Total expenses		617		1,411		2,342		9,479
Revenues, net of expenses before provision for income tax								
expense		578		198		104		(2,232)
Income tax expense (benefit)		121		41		22		(469)
Revenues, net of expenses and provision for income tax expense (benefit)	\$	457	\$	157	\$	82	\$	(1,763)

The Company charges the Closed Block with federal income taxes and state and local premium taxes, policy maintenance costs and investment management expenses relating to the Closed Block as provided in the Closed Block Memorandum.

The following table presents the amortized cost and fair value of the Closed Block fixed maturities portfolio by contractual maturity at June 30, 2021. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties:

	Amor	tized Cost	Fair Value
Due after one year through five years	\$	9,064	\$ 9,746
Due after five years through ten years		3,754	4,794
Due after ten years		22,698	26,317
Securities not due at a single maturity date — primarily mortgage and asset-			
backed		2,898	2,899
Total fixed maturities	\$	38,414	\$ 43,756

# Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies

# Litigation

The Company is subject to legal and regulatory actions in the course of our business. Management does not believe such litigation will have a material impact on the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company establishes accruals for litigation and regulatory matters when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. For litigation and regulatory matters where a loss may be reasonably possible but not probable or, is probable but not reasonably able to be estimated, no accrual is established, but the matter, if material, is disclosed. The Company is not aware of any material legal or regulatory matters threatened or pending against the Company.

# Federal Home Loan Bank of Chicago

The Company is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Chicago (FHLBC). As a member, the Company is able to borrow on a collateralized basis from the FHLBC which can be used as an alternative source of liquidity. The FHLBC membership requires the Company to own member stock. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company held \$115 of FHLBC common stock which allows the Company to borrow up to \$2,558. Interest on borrowed funds is charged at variable rates established from time to time by the FHLBC and depending on the borrowing option selected at the time of the borrowing. No amounts have been borrowed from the FHLBC as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

#### Note 7 – Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Fair value is the estimated price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company attempts to establish fair value as an exit price consistent with transactions taking place under normal market conventions. The Company utilizes market observable information to the extent possible and seeks to obtain quoted market prices for all securities. If quoted market prices in active markets are not available, the Company uses a number of methodologies to establish fair value estimates including discounted cash flow models, prices from recently executed transactions of similar securities, or broker/dealer quotes.

Fair values for the Company's fixed maturity and equity securities are determined by management, utilizing prices obtained from third-party pricing services. Management reviews on an ongoing basis the reasonableness of the methodologies used by the pricing services to ensure prices received represent a reasonable estimate of fair value and to confirm representations regarding whether inputs are observable or unobservable. The main procedure the Company employs in fulfillment of this objective includes back-testing transactions, where past fair value estimates are compared to actual transactions executed in the market on similar dates.

The Company's assets and liabilities have been classified into a three-level hierarchy based on the priority of the inputs to the respective valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest ranking to fair values determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest ranking to fair values determined using methodologies and models with unobservable inputs (Level 3). An asset's or a liability's classification is based on the lowest level input that is significant to its measurement. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are both observable (Level 1 and Level 2) and unobservable (Level 3). The levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- **Level 1** Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets the Company can access. Level 1 assets include securities that are traded in an active exchange market.
- **Level 2** This level includes fixed maturities priced principally by independent pricing services using observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments on inactive markets; and model-derived valuations for which all significant inputs are observable market data. Level 2 instruments include most corporate debt securities and U.S. government and agency mortgage-backed securities that are valued by models using inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.
- **Level 3** Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable. Level 3 instruments include less liquid assets for which significant inputs are unobservable in the market, such as structured securities with complex features that require significant management assumptions or estimation in the fair value measurement.

This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available.

Certain assets and liabilities are not carried at fair value on a recurring basis, including investments such as mortgage loans, intangible assets, future policy benefits excluding term life reserves and policyholder account balances. Accordingly, such items are only included in the fair value hierarchy disclosure when the items are subject to re-measurement at fair value after initial recognition (for example, when there is evidence of impairment) and the resulting re-measurement is reflected in the consolidated financial statements at the reporting date.

# **Recurring and Non-Recurring Fair Value Measurements**

The Company's assets that are carried at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis, by fair value hierarchy level, are as follows:

June 30, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	 Level 3	Tota	al Fair Value
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial instruments recorded as assets:					
Fixed maturities					
U.S. government and agencies	\$ _	\$ 12,082	\$ _	\$	12,082
U.S. agency mortgage-backed	_	18,700	_		18,700
State and political subdivisions	_	63,404	513		63,917
Corporate and miscellaneous	2,802	157,009	13,995		173,806
Foreign government	_	413	_		413
Residential mortgage-backed	_	6,339	_		6,339
Commercial mortgage-backed	_	19,696	_		19,696
Asset-backed	_	62,417	2,853		65,270
Total fixed maturities	2,802	340,060	17,361		360,223
Equity securities	5,496	_	_		5,496
Total recurring assets	\$ 8,298	\$ 340,060	\$ 17,361	\$	365,719

December 31, 2020	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	Tota	al Fair Value
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial instruments recorded as assets:					
Fixed maturities					
U.S. government and agencies	\$ _	\$ 14,272	\$ _	\$	14,272
U.S. agency mortgage-backed	_	22,476	_		22,476
State and political subdivisions	_	60,908	521		61,429
Corporate and miscellaneous	2,685	157,935	8,433		169,053
Foreign government	_	176	_		176
Residential mortgage-backed	_	6,421	_		6,421
Commercial mortgage-backed	_	20,017	_		20,017
Asset-backed	_	68,706	1,301		70,007
Total fixed maturities	2,685	350,911	10,255		363,851
Equity securities	3,833	15	_		3,848
Total recurring assets	\$ 6,518	\$ 350,926	\$ 10,255	\$	367,699

# Summary of Significant Valuation Techniques for Assets on a Recurring Basis

Level 1 securities include principally exchange-traded funds that are valued based on quoted market prices for identical assets.

All the fair values of the Company's fixed maturities within Level 2 are based on prices obtained from independent pricing services. All of the Company's prices for each security are generally sourced from multiple pricing vendors, and a vendor hierarchy is maintained by asset type and region of the world, based on historical pricing experience and vendor expertise. The Company ultimately uses the price from the pricing service highest in the vendor hierarchy based on the respective asset type and region. For fixed maturities that do not trade on a daily basis, the pricing services prepare estimates of fair value measurements using their pricing applications which incorporate a variety of inputs including, but not limited to, benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, and U.S. Treasury curves. Specifically, for asset-backed securities, key inputs include prepayment and default projections based on past performance of the underlying collateral and current market data. Securities with validated quotes from pricing services are reflected within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as they generally are based on observable pricing for similar assets or other market significant observable inputs.

Level 3 fair value classification consists of investments in structured securities where the fair value of the security is determined by a pricing service using internal pricing models where one or more of the significant inputs is unobservable in the marketplace, or there is a single broker/dealer quote. The fair value of a broker-quoted asset is based solely on the receipt of an updated quote from a single market maker or a broker-dealer recognized as a market participant. The fair value of Level 3 liabilities is estimated on the discounted cash flows of contractual payments.

If the Company believes the pricing information received from third-party pricing services is not reflective of market activity or other inputs observable in the market, the Company may challenge the price through a formal process with the pricing service. Historically, the Company has not challenged or updated the prices provided by third-party pricing services. However, any such updates by a pricing service to be more consistent with the presented market observations, or any adjustments made by the Company to prices provided by third-party pricing services would be reflected in the balance sheet for the current period.

When the inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Thus, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Level 1 or Level 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Net transfers into and/or out of Level 3 are reported as having occurred at the beginning of the period and are based on observable inputs received from pricing sources; therefore, all net realized and unrealized gains and losses on these securities for the period are reflected in the table that follows. A summary of changes in fair value of Level 3 assets held at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

			Total	l gains (loss	es) in	cluded in:									
	Jar	lance at nuary 1, 2021		Income loss)		OCI	Pu	rchases	Sales	Sett	lements	Т	Net ransfers		lance at e 30, 2021
Financial Assets													_		_
Fixed maturities															
State and political subdivision	\$	521	\$	_	\$	(7)	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	514
Corporate and miscellaneous		8,433		(199)		5		8,270	_		(2)		(2,513)		13,994
Asset-backed		1,301		(5)		43		1,578			(64)				2,853
Total assets	\$	10,255	\$	(204)	\$	41	\$	9,848	\$ _	\$	(66)	\$	(2,513)	\$	17,361
			Total	l gains (loss	ses) in	cluded in:									
	Jar	lance at nuary 1, 2020		l gains (loss Income	ses) in	ocluded in:	Pu	rchases	Sales	Sett	lements	Т	Net ransfers		llance at ember 31, 2020
Financial Assets	Jar	uary 1,			ses) in		Pu	rchases	 Sales	Sett	lements_	<u>T</u>			ember 31,
<u>Financial Assets</u> Fixed maturities	Jar	uary 1,			ses) in		Pu	rchases	 Sales	Sett	lements	T			ember 31,
	Jar	uary 1,			ses) in		Pu	rchases 500	\$ Sales	Sett	lements	<u>T</u>			ember 31,
Fixed maturities	Jar	uary 1,	Net l	Income	_	OCI			\$ Sales					Dec	ember 31, 2020
Fixed maturities State and political subdivisions	Jar	nuary 1, 2020	Net l	Income	_	OCI 21		500	\$ 		_			Dec	ember 31, 2020

In 2021, there were 3 transfers from Level 3 to Level 2. There were no transfers between levels in 2020.

# Financial Instruments not Measured at Fair Value

The following tables provide fair value information for financial instruments that are carried on the balance sheet at amounts other than fair value. These tables exclude cash and cash equivalents and accrued investment income, that are not securities and therefore are not included in the three-level hierarchy table disclosed in the "Recurring and Non-Recurring Fair Value Measurements" section. The carrying amount and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments that are not measured at fair value on the Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows:

				Estimated	Fair '	Value	
June 30, 2021	Carr	ying Value	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total
Financial instruments recorded as assets:							
Mortgage loans	\$	47,760	\$ _	\$ _	\$	44,530	\$ 44,530
Policyholder loans		6,303	_	_		8,191	8,191
Financial instruments recorded as liabilities:							
Future policy benefits, excluding term life reserves	\$	23,264	\$ _	\$ _	\$	19,983	\$ 19,983
Long/short-term debt		27,648	_	_		34,194	34,194
Policyholder account balances		82,197	_	_		89,455	89,455
		17					

				Estimated	Fair	Value	
December 31, 2020	Car	rying Value	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total
Financial instruments recorded as assets:							
Mortgage loans	\$	50,427	\$ 	\$ 	\$	46,816	\$ 46,816
Policyholder loans		6,414	_	_		8,335	8,335
Financial instruments recorded as liabilities:							
Future policy benefits, excluding term life reserves	\$	24,495	\$ _	\$ _	\$	20,454	\$ 20,454
Long/short-term debt		30,478	_	_		37,033	37,033
Policyholder account balances		83,869	_	_		92,190	92,190

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities.

**Mortgage Loans** — Fair value was based on the discounted value of future cash flows for all first mortgage loans adjusted for specific loan risk. The discount rate was based on the rate that would be offered for similar loans at the reporting date. Fair value excludes \$2,399 and \$2,675 of second and mezzanine mortgages carried at cost for which fair value is not measurable at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

**Policyholder Loans** — Fair value of policyholder loans was estimated using discounted cash flows using risk-free interest rates with no adjustment for borrower credit risk as these loans are fully collateralized by the cash value of the underlying insurance policy.

**Future Policy Benefits and Policyholder Account Balances** — For deposit liabilities with interest rate guarantees greater than one year or with defined maturities, the fair value was estimated by calculating an average present value of expected cash flows over a broad range of interest rate scenarios using the current market risk-free interest rates adjusted for spreads required for publicly traded bonds issued by comparably rated insurers. For deposit liabilities with interest rate guarantees of less than one year, the fair value was based on the amount payable on demand at the reporting date.

**Long and Short-Term Debt** — Fair value was calculated using the discounted value of future cash flows method. The discount rate was based on the rate that is commensurable to the level of risk. The carrying amounts reported on the Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets have been divided in to short and long-term based upon expected maturity dates.

# Note 8 - Long and Short-Term Debt

The Company originally entered into a financing arrangement with an external party in January 2018, from which the Company receives an advanced commission-based payment for certain Insurance Segment term policies sold through the Agency Segment, in exchange for a level commission that is paid by the Company over the period the policy remains in-force. The Company's arrangement with the external party allows the Company to finance up to \$30 million of commission. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company had a net advance of \$23,918 and \$27,533, respectively, under this arrangement. At June 30, 2021, the Company expects to pay back the aggregate amounts as presented in the following table.

Due in one year or less	\$ 4,186
Due after one year through two years	3,699
Due after two years through three years	3,443
Due after three years through four years	3,252
Due after four years through five years	3,100
Due after five years	23,401
Less discount	(13,433)
Total long/short-term debt	\$ 27,648

## Note 9 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes are as follows:

	Net Unrealized			2021						2020		
	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments with OTTI Losses		Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Investments \$ 16,239			Total	Gain on In wit	Inrealized Is (Losses) Ivestments In OTTI Losses	Gai	Unrealized ins (Losses) on Other vestments	Total	
Balance at beginning of year	\$	362	\$	16,239	\$	16,601	\$	362	\$	8,395	\$ 8,757	
Second Quarter												
Other comprehensive income (loss)		_		6,545		6,545		_		12,950	12,950	
Deferred Income tax (expense) benefit		_		(1,374)		(1,374)		_	(2,719)		(2,719)	
Second Quarter, net				5,171		5,171				10,231	\$ 10,231	
Year to Date												
Other comprehensive (loss) income		_		(4,197)		(4,197)		_		3,773	3,773	
Deferred Income tax benefit (expense)		_		882		882		_		(795)	(795)	
Year to Date, net		_		(3,315)		(3,315)				2,978	2,978	
Balance at end of period	\$	362	\$	12,924	\$	13,286	\$	362	\$	11,373	\$ 11,735	

#### Note 10 - Business Segments

The Company's current operations are organized into three reportable segments: Insurance, Agency, and Corporate & Other.

In the first quarter of 2021 and in connection with now selling the majority of our insurance products through the AmeriLife agency arrangement, the Company has removed Eliminations as a separate component of our segment presentation to better align with the decline in intersegment earned commissions.

Intersegment earned commissions and deferral of agents selling costs for a successful policy sale previously reported as Eliminations are now reported as part of the Corporate & Other segment, and amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs and commission related to policy acquisition costs previously reported as Eliminations are now reported as part of the Insurance segment.

These changes were made to better reflect the manner in which the Company is currently organized for purposes of making operating decisions and assessing performance. There was no change to the Agency segment. Segment data for prior reporting periods has been adjusted to reflect the new segment reporting.

The reclassification of historical segment information has no effect on the Company's previously reported consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

The Insurance Segment is composed of three broad lines consisting of Traditional Life, Closed Block, and Assumed Life and Annuities. Traditional Life and the Closed Block are distinct operations; the Assumed life and annuities business and the small amount of structured settlements are all blocks in runoff from a prior management arrangement.

The Agency Segment includes the insurance distribution operations of the Company and includes commission revenue from the sale of Fidelity Life products.

The Corporate & Other Segment includes expenses that will benefit the overall organization, which are not allocated to a segment. This segment recognizes net investment income on cash and invested assets held mainly as a result of the IPO and interest expense related to our commission financing agreement.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation, including any profit or loss from the sale of Insurance Segment products through the Agency Segment.

The segment results are as follows:

			Thr	ee Months End	led J	une 30, 2021			_		Thr	ee Months End	led Ju	ne 30, 2020		
	I	nsurance		Agency	(	Corporate & Other	(	Total Consolidated	_	Insurance		Agency		rporate & Other	Co	Total nsolidated
Net insurance premiums	\$	25,433	\$		\$		\$	25,433	\$	26,313	\$		\$		\$	26,313
Net investment income		3,551		_		59		3,610		3,456		_		_		3,456
Net realized investment gains (losses)		1,102		_		195		1,297		1,307		_		_		1,307
Other-than-temporary-impairments		(1)		_		_		(1)		_		_		_		_
Earned commissions				12,414		(606)		11,808		_		10,836		(6,433)		4,403
Other income		63		1,758		_		1,821		117		1,061		_		1,178
Total revenues		30,148		14,172		(352)		43,968		31,193		11,897		(6,433)		36,657
Life, annuity, and health claim benefits		18,181						18,181		21,697						21,697
Operating costs and expenses		5,875		14,276		2,597		22,748		5,753		12,408		496		18,657
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		3,938		_		_		3,938		3,791		_		_		3,791
Total benefits and expenses		27,994		14,276		2,597		44,867		31,241		12,408		496		44,145
(Loss) income before income tax	\$	2,154	\$	(104)	\$	(2,949)	\$	(899)	\$	(48)	\$	(511)	\$	(6,929)	\$	(7,488)

			Six 1	Months End	ed Ji	une 30, 2021					Six	Months Ende	d Ju	ne 30, 2020		
	Ins			Agency	(	Corporate & Other	Total Consolidated		Insurance		Agency		Co	rporate & Other	Total Consolidated	
Net insurance premiums	\$	50,730	\$	_	\$		\$	50,730	\$	56,369	\$		\$	_	\$	56,369
Net investment income		6,759		_		105		6,864		6,935		_		93		7,028
Net realized investment gains (losses)		2,223		_		590		2,813		(1,750)		_		_		(1,750)
Other-than-temporary-impairment		(3)		_		_		(3)		(54)		_		_		(54)
Earned commissions		_		24,288		(1,858)		22,430		_		21,427		(12,899)		8,528
Other income		137		3,232				3,369		200		2,649				2,849
Total revenues		59,846		27,520		(1,163)		86,203		61,700		24,076		(12,806)		72,970
Life, annuity, and health claim benefits		40,855		_		_		40,855		43,241		_		_		43,241
Operating costs and expenses		12,166		28,308		5,602		46,076		16,493		25,389		304		42,186
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		7,178				_		7,178		4,767		_				4,767
Total benefits and expenses		60,199		28,308		5,602		94,109		64,501		25,389		304		90,194
(Loss) income before income tax	\$	(353)	\$	(788)	\$	(6,765)	\$	(7,906)	\$	(2,801)	\$	(1,313)	\$	(13,110)	\$	(17,224)

				June 30, 2021						December 31, 2020								
	Insurance			Agency	Co	rporate & Other	Co	Total ensolidated	]	Insurance		Agency	С	orporate & Other	Co	Total isolidated		
Investments and cash	\$	426,490	\$	2,269	\$	12,047	\$	440,806	\$	436,757	\$	3,469	\$	20,829	\$	461,055		
Commissions and agent balances		5,722		23,515		130		29,367		(12,231)		31,651		106		19,526		
Deferred policy acquisition costs		89,999		_		_		89,999		87,212		_		_		87,212		
Intangible assets		_		1,635		_		1,635		_		1,635		_		1,635		
Reinsurance recoverables		168,467		_		_		168,467		158,015		_		_		158,015		
Deferred income tax (liabilities) assets, net		(5,345)		_		17,829		12,484		(7,351)		_		18,277		10,926		
Other		24,472		4,482		3,235		32,189		23,845		2,909		3,641		30,395		
Total assets	\$	709,805	\$	31,901	\$	33,241	\$	774,947	\$ 686,247		\$ 686,247 \$		\$ 39,664		\$ 42,853		\$	768,764

The Company's investment in equity method investees and the related equity income is attributable to the Corporate & Other Segment.

All the Company's significant revenues and long-lived assets are located in the United States, which is the Company's country of domicile.

# Note 11 –Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events up to and including August 16, 2021, the date these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements were issued and determined there were no reportable subsequent events.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking" statements that are intended to enhance the reader's ability to assess our future financial and business performance. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements that represent our beliefs concerning future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments, and contain words and phrases such as "may," "expects," "should," "believes," "anticipates," "estimates," "intends" or similar expressions. In addition, statements that refer to our future financial performance, anticipated growth and trends in our business and in our industry and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. Because these forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions that are subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control or are subject to change, actual results could be materially different.

Consequently, such forward-looking statements should be regarded solely as our current plans, estimates and beliefs with respect to, among other things, future events and financial performance. Except as required under the federal securities laws, we do not intend, and do not undertake, any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

The forward-looking statements include, among other things, those items listed below:

- future economic conditions in the markets in which we compete that could be less favorable than expected and could have impacts on demand for our products and services;
- our ability to grow and develop our Agency business through expansion of retail call centers, online sales, wholesale operations and other areas of opportunity;
- our ability to grow and develop our insurance business and successfully develop and market new products;
- our ability to enter new markets successfully and capitalize on growth opportunities either through acquisitions or organically;
- financial market conditions, including, but not limited to, changes in interest rates and the level and trends of stock market prices causing a
  reduction of net investment income or realized losses and reduction in the value of our investment portfolios;
- increased competition in our businesses, including the potential impacts of aggressive price competition by other insurance companies, payment of higher commissions to agents that could affect demand for our insurance products and impact the ability to grow and retain agents in our Agency Segment and the entry of new competitors and the development of new products by new or existing competitors, resulting in a reduction in the demand for our products and services;
- · the effect of legislative, judicial, economic, demographic, and regulatory events in the jurisdictions where we do business;
- the effect of challenges to our patents and other intellectual property;
- costs, availability, and collectability of reinsurance;
- the potential impact on our reported net income that could result from the adoption of future accounting standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other standard-setting bodies;
- the inability to maintain or grow our strategic partnerships or our inability to realize the expected benefits from our relationship with the Standby Purchaser;
- the inability to manage future growth and integration of our operations; and
- changes in industry trends and financial strength ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis and set forth elsewhere in this Form 10-Q constitutes forward looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. You should review "Forward Looking Statements" for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described, or implied by, the forward-looking statements contained herein.

#### Overview

We provide life insurance protection targeted to the middle American market. We believe there is a substantial unmet need for life insurance, particularly among domestic households with annual incomes of between \$50,000 and \$125,000, a market we refer to as our target Middle Market. We differentiate our product and service offerings through innovative product design and sales processes, with an emphasis on rapidly issued products that are not medically underwritten at the time of sale.

We conduct our business through our two operating subsidiaries, Fidelity Life, an Illinois-domiciled life insurance company, and Efinancial, a call center-based insurance agency. Efinancial sells Fidelity Life products through its own call center distribution platform, independent agents and other marketing organizations. Efinancial, in addition to offering Fidelity Life products, sells insurance products of unaffiliated carriers. We report our operating results in three segments: Agency, Insurance and Corporate & Other.

# COVID-19

The Company continues to monitor the effects of the changing economic environment on our fixed maturities portfolio and currently have a number of securities on our watch list, which are mainly concentrated in the oil and gas and airline sectors. Our assessment through June 30, 2021 has resulted in no additional material OTTI due to COVID-19 and the recent market events.

In the six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the Company had an estimated \$3.9 million and \$0.9 million, respectively in net incurred policyholder claims that included COVID-19 as a contributing cause of death.

# National Service Group of AmeriLife, LLC

In the second quarter 2020, Fidelity Life entered into a General Agent's agreement with an unaffiliated third party, National Service Group of AmeriLife, LLC ("AmeriLife"). The President of this entity, Scott Perry also sits on the Company's Board of Directors. This agreement provides Fidelity Life access to AmeriLife distribution channels, its commission systems and assists in streamlining administrative processes related to commissions. This agreement also allows Efinancial to operate as a sub agent to AmeriLife. On May 15, 2020, the Company began selling products using this new distribution arrangement. Due to the large amount of the Company's insurance policies now being sold through AmeriLife, dissolution of this agency arrangement could have a material impact on the Company's financial statements. The Company has additional arrangements with AmeriLife wherein Efinancial's sub agents may sell third party products through AmeriLife. To date it is not believed that any of these arrangements will exceed the related party thresholds described in 17 CFR § 229.404. Should these or other arrangements change or exceed the aforementioned threshold, after review by the CFO and General Counsel, the Company's Chairman will be advised and written sign-off will be required from the Chairman.

#### **Agency Segment**

This segment primarily consists of the operations of Efinancial. Efinancial is a call center-based insurance agency that markets life insurance for Fidelity Life and unaffiliated insurance companies. Efinancial's primary operations are conducted through employee agents from three call center locations, which we refer to as our retail channel. In addition, Efinancial operates as a wholesale agency, assisting independent agents that seek to produce business for the carriers that Efinancial represents, which we refer to as our wholesale channel. The Agency Segment's main source of revenue is commissions earned on the sale of insurance policies sold through our retail and wholesale channels. Efinancial also generates data and click-through revenue (reported as part of Insurance Lead Sales on the related Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations) through its eCoverage web presence.

Agency Segment expenses consist of marketing costs to acquire potential customers, salary and bonuses paid to our employee agents, salary and other costs of employees involved in managing the underwriting process for our insurance applications, sales management, agent licensing, training and compliance costs. Other Agency Segment expenses include costs associated with financial and administrative employees, facilities rent, and information technology. After payroll, the most significant Agency Segment expense is the cost of acquiring leads. We partially offset our sales leads expense through advertising revenues from individuals who click on specific advertisements while viewing one of our web pages, and through the resale of leads that are not well suited for our call center.

# **Insurance Segment**

This segment consists of the operations of Fidelity Life. Fidelity Life underwrites primarily term life insurance through Efinancial and a diverse group of independent insurance distributors. Fidelity Life specializes in life insurance products that can be issued immediately or within a short period following a sales call, using non-medical underwriting at the time of policy issuance.

Fidelity Life engages in the following business lines:

Core Life - Our Core Life insurance business is the primary business of the Insurance Segment. Core Life represents a significant portion of the insurance business written by Fidelity Life since it resumed independent operations in 2005. Our Core Life business consists of inforce policies that are considered to be of high strategic importance to Fidelity Life.

NonCore Life - Our NonCore Life business consists of: products that are currently being marketed but are not deemed to be of high strategic importance to the Company; inforce policies from product lines introduced since Fidelity Life resumed independent operations in 2005 but were subsequently discontinued; and an older annuity block of business that was not included in the Closed Block.

Closed Block - Our Closed Block represents all inforce participating insurance policies of Fidelity Life. The Closed Block was established in connection with our 2007 reorganization into a mutual holding company structure.

Annuities and Assumed Life - We have assumed reinsurance commitments with respect to annuity contract holder deposits and a block of life insurance contracts that were ceded by former affiliates of Fidelity Life. Under an agreement with Protective Life Insurance Company (Protective Life), the successor to a former affiliate of Fidelity Life, Fidelity Life had assumed a portion of risk on a group of life insurance contracts primarily written in the 1980s and early 1990s.

Insurance Segment revenues consist of net insurance premiums, net investment income, and net realized gains (losses) on investments. We recognize premium revenue from our policyholders. We purchase reinsurance coverage to help manage the risk on our insurance policies by paying, or ceding, a portion of the policyholder premiums to the reinsurance company. Our net insurance premiums reflect amounts collected from policyholders, plus premiums assumed under reinsurance agreements less premiums ceded to reinsurance companies. Net investment income represents primarily interest income earned on fixed maturity investments. We also realize gains and losses on sales of investment securities.

Insurance Segment expenses consist of benefits paid to policyholders or their beneficiaries under life insurance policies. Benefit expenses also include additions to the reserve for future policyholder benefits to recognize our estimated future obligations under the policies. Benefit expenses are shown net of amounts ceded under our reinsurance contracts. Our Insurance Segment also incurs policy acquisition costs that consist of commissions paid to agents, policy underwriting, issue costs and variable sales costs. A portion of these policy acquisition costs are deferred and expensed over the life of the insurance policies acquired during the period. In addition to policy acquisition costs, we incur expenses that vary based on the number of contracts that we have in-force, or variable policy administrative costs. These variable costs consist of expenses paid to third-party administrators based on rates for each policy administered. Our insurance operations also incur overhead costs for functional and administrative staff to support insurance operations, financial reporting and information technology.

### **Corporate & Other Segment**

The results of this segment consist of net investment income and net realized investment gains (losses) earned on invested assets. We also include certain corporate expenses that are not allocated to our other segments, including expenses of the Company, board expenses, allocation of executive management time spent on corporate matters, and financial reporting and auditing costs related to our consolidation and internal controls. Our Corporate & Other Segment recognizes income (loss) to the extent that net investment income and net realized investment gains (losses) exceed (are less than) corporate expenses. This segment also includes certain items previously reported in the elimination segment, see "Note 10 – Business Segments" in the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our critical accounting policies are described in "Note 1—Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to our Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 included in the Form 10-K. The preparation of the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in making estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosures. We regularly evaluate our estimates and judgments based on historical experience, market indicators and other relevant factors and circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions and may affect our financial position and results of operations. Accordingly, these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and notes thereto, included in the Form 10-K.

#### **Results of Operations**

The major components of operating revenues, benefits and expenses and net (loss) income were as follows:

# Vericity, Inc. Consolidated Results of Operations (dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,		
Revenues		2021	2020		2021			2020
Net insurance premiums	\$	25,433	\$	26,313	\$	50,730	\$	56,369
Net investment income		3,610		3,456		6,864		7,028
Net realized investment gains (losses)		1,297		1,307		2,813		(1,750)
Other-than-temporary-impairments		(1)		-		(3)		(54)
Earned commissions		11,808		4,403		22,430		8,528
Insurance lead sales		1,758		1,061		3,232		2,649
Other income		63		117		137		200
Total revenues		43,968		36,657		86,203		72,970
Benefits and expenses								
Life, annuity, and health claim benefits		17,430		20,916		39,382		41,677
Interest credited to policyholder account balances		751		781		1,473		1,564
Operating costs and expenses		22,748		18,657		46,076		42,186
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		3,938		3,791		7,178		4,767
Total benefits and expenses		44,867		44,145		94,109		90,194
(Loss) income before income taxes		(899)		(7,488)		(7,906)		(17,224)
Income tax expense (benefit)		264		(716)		(676)		(1,874)
Net (loss) income	\$	(1,163)	\$	(6,772)	\$	(7,230)	\$	(15,350)

### Three Months Ended June 30, 2021 Compared to the Three Months June 30, 2020

#### **Total Revenues**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, total revenues were \$44.0 million compared to \$36.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$7.3 million resulted from an increase in earned commissions and insurance lead sales, partially offset by lower net insurance premiums.

#### **Benefits and Expenses**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, total benefits and expenses were \$44.9 million compared to \$44.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$0.8 million was primarily due to higher operating costs and expenses and amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs, partially offset by lower claim benefits.

# (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, net loss before taxes was \$0.9 million compared to net loss before taxes of \$7.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The lower net loss of \$6.6 million was primarily due to an increase in earned commissions and lower claim benefits, partially offset by higher operating costs.

# Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 Compared to the Six Months June 30, 2020

#### **Total Revenues**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, total revenues were \$86.2 million compared to \$73.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$13.2 million resulted from an increase in earned commissions, net realized investment gains and insurance lead sales, partially offset by lower net insurance premiums and net investment income.

# **Benefits and Expenses**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, total benefits and expenses were \$94.1 million compared to \$90.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$3.9 million was primarily due to higher operating costs and expenses and amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs expenses, partially offset by lower claim benefits.

# (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net loss before taxes was \$7.9 million compared to net loss before taxes of \$17.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The lower net loss of \$9.3 million was primarily due to increases in earned commissions, net realized gains and lower claim benefits, partially offset by lower net insurance premiums, higher operating costs and higher amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs.

# **Analysis of Segment Results**

# **Reconciliation of Segment Results to Consolidated Results**

The following analysis reconciles the reported segment results to the Company's total consolidated results.

	 Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June			une 30,
	2021		2020		2021		2020
	(dollars in	thousa	ınds)	(dollars in thousands)			
(Loss) income before income tax by segment							
Agency	\$ (104)	\$	(511)	\$	(788)	\$	(1,313)
Insurance	2,154		(48)		(353)		(2,801)
Corporate & Other	(2,949)		(6,929)		(6,765)		(13,110)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(899)		(7,488)		(7,906)		(17,224)
Income tax (benefit) expense	264		(716)		(676)		(1,874)
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,163)	\$	(6,772)	\$	(7,230)	\$	(15,350)

# **Agency Segment**

The results of our Agency Segment were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months E	Ended June 30,		
	·	2021		2020	2021			2020	
		(dollars in	thousa	nds)	(dollars in tho			housands)	
Revenues									
Earned commissions	\$	12,414	\$	10,836	\$	24,288	\$	21,427	
Insurance lead sales		1,758		1,061		3,232		2,649	
Total revenues	<u></u>	14,172		11,897		27,520		24,076	
Expenses									
Operating costs and expenses		14,276		12,408		28,308		25,389	
Total expenses		14,276		12,408		28,308		25,389	
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$	(104)	\$	(511)	\$	(788)	\$	(1,313)	

# Three Months Ended June 30, 2021 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2020

#### **Earned Commissions**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, earned commissions were \$12.4 million compared to \$10.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$1.6 million resulted from increased sales in the retail channel, which was primarily driven by increased marketing efforts and efficiency, partially offset by lower sales in the wholesale channel.

# **Insurance Lead Sales**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021 insurance lead sales were \$1.8 million compared to \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$0.7 million was primarily due to higher click-through revenue.

# **Operating Costs and Expenses**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, operating costs and expenses were \$14.3 million compared to \$12.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$1.9 million was primarily due to increased variable costs of \$1.1 million and other operating costs of \$0.8 million

## (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, the Agency Segment net loss was \$0.1 million compared to net loss of \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease in net loss of \$0.4 million was the result of increased earned commissions, partially offset by increased operating costs and expenses.

#### Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

#### **Earned Commissions**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, earned commissions were \$24.3 million compared to \$21.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$2.9 million resulted from increased sales in the retail channel, which was primarily driven by increased marketing efforts and efficiency, partially offset by lower sales in the wholesale channel.

## **Insurance Lead Sales**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, insurance lead sales were \$3.2 million compared to \$2.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$0.6 million was primarily due to higher click-through revenue.

#### **Operating Costs and Expenses**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, operating costs and expenses were \$28.3 million compared to \$25.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$2.9 million was primarily due to increased variable costs of \$1.7 million and other operating costs of \$0.7 million.

# (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Agency Segment net loss was \$0.8 million compared to net loss of \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease in net loss of \$0.5 million was the result of increased earned commissions, partially offset by increased operating costs and expenses.

# **Insurance Segment**

The results of our Insurance Segment were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 3			une 30,
	2021 2020			2021		2020		
		(dollars in	thousan	ds)		(dollars in	thousa	nds)
Revenues								
Net insurance premiums	\$	25,433	\$	26,313	\$	50,730	\$	56,369
Net investment income		3,551		3,456		6,759		6,935
Net realized investment gains (losses)		1,102		1,307		2,223		(1,750)
Other-than-temporary-impairments		(1)		-		(3)		(54)
Other income		63		117		137		200
Total revenues		30,148		31,193		59,846		61,700
Benefits and expenses	<u></u>							
Life, annuity, and health claim benefits		17,459		20,916		39,382		41,677
Interest credited to policyholder account balances		722		781		1,473		1,564
Operating costs and expenses		5,875		5,753		12,166		16,493
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		3,938		3,791		7,178		4,767
Total benefits and expenses		27,994		31,241		60,199		64,501
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$	2,154	\$	(48)	\$	(353)	\$	(2,801)

# Three Months Ended June 30, 2021 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2020

# **Net Insurance Premiums**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, net insurance premiums were \$25.4 million compared to \$26.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The decrease of \$0.9 million in net insurance premiums was primarily due to a decrease in our Core Life lines of \$0.5 million, mainly driven by decreases in LifeTime Benefit Term (LBT) and a decrease in Closed Block of \$0.4 million. See "Closed Block" section in this Form 10-Q for further discussion regarding Closed Block and "Note 5—Closed Block" in the accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Net Investment Income**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, net investment income increased to \$3.6 million compared to \$3.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The \$0.1 million increase was mainly due to higher book yields in the mortgage loan portfolio due to prepayment penalty income in the second quarter of 2021. For more information on net investment income, see "Note 2 – Investments" in the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

#### **Net Realized Investment Gains**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, net realized investment gains were \$1.1 million compared to \$1.3 million net realized investment gains for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The \$0.2 million decrease was mainly due to lower mark to market gains in our equity portfolio.

# Life, Annuity and Health Claim Benefits

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, life, annuity and health claim benefits were \$17.4 million compared with \$21.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease of \$3.6 million was primarily due to a decrease in Core life and Non-Core life net claim benefits of \$1.6 million and a decrease in future policy benefit reserves of \$1.2 million. In addition, Closed Block decreased by \$0.7 million. See "Closed Block" section in this Form 10-Q for further discussion regarding Closed Block and "Note 5—Closed Block" in the accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# **Operating Costs and Expenses**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, operating costs and expenses were \$5.9 million compared to \$5.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The \$0.1 million increase was attributable to an increase in reinsurance allowances of \$0.6 million, partially offset by increased other operating expenses of \$0.4 million.

### **Amortization of Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs was \$3.9 million compared to \$3.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The increase of \$0.1 million relates to the Closed Block. See "Closed Block" section in this Form 10-Q for further discussion regarding Closed Block and "Note 5—Closed Block" in the accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, net income was \$2.2 million compared to net loss of \$0.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This increase in net income of \$2.2 million resulted primarily from a \$3.5 million decrease in life, annuity and health claim benefits, partially offset by decreases of \$0.9 million in net insurance premiums and \$0.2 million in net realized investment gains.

## Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

#### **Net Insurance Premiums**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net insurance premiums were \$50.7 million compared to \$56.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This decrease of \$5.7 million in net insurance premiums was primarily due to a decrease of \$4.8 million related to Closed Block and a decrease in our Core Life lines of \$0.8 million, mainly driven by decreases in LifeTime Benefit Term (LBT) and *RAPID*ecision® Life. See "Closed Block" section in this Form 10-Q for further discussion regarding Closed Block and "Note 5—Closed Block" in the accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Net Investment Income**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net investment income was \$6.8 million compared to \$6.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The decrease was mainly due to lower invested asset base in short term investments and lower fixed maturity yields partially offset by an increase in mortgage loan income primarily driven by increased prepayment penalty income.

#### **Net Realized Investment Gains**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net realized investment gains increased to \$2.2 million compared to a loss of \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The \$4.0 million increase was mainly due to the equity portfolio which incurred mark to market gains of \$1.4 million and losses of \$2.0 million in the first six months of 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$0.3 million higher realized gains on other invested assets related to net asset value changes and \$0.2 million from sales of fixed maturities.

### Life, Annuity and Health Claim Benefits

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, life, annuity and health claim benefits were \$39.4 million compared with \$41.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The decrease of \$2.3 million was primarily due to a decrease of \$3.2 million in Closed Block. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in Core life and Non-Core life net claim benefits of \$3.8 million, partially offset by a decrease in future policy benefit reserves of \$3.0 million. See "Closed Block" section in this Form 10-Q for further discussion regarding Closed Block and "Note 5—Closed Block" in the accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# **Operating Costs and Expenses**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, operating costs and expenses decreased to \$12.2 million from \$16.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The decrease of \$4.3 million was primarily due to an increase in ceded allowances of \$5.6 million, which includes \$3.9 million related to Closed Block. Other operating expenses increased by \$1.3 million primarily attributable to depreciation on capitalized projects. See "Closed Block" section in this Form 10-Q for further discussion regarding Closed Block and "Note 5—Closed Block" in the accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Amortization of Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs was \$7.2 million compared to \$4.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The increase of \$2.4 million primarily relates to the Closed Block. See "Closed Block" section in this Form 10-Q for further discussion regarding Closed Block and "Note 5—Closed Block" in the accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net loss was \$0.4 million compared to net loss of \$2.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This increase of \$2.4 million resulted primarily from lower operating costs and expenses of \$4.2 million, \$4.0 million in net realized investment gains and \$2.3 million in life, annuity and health claim benefits, partially offset by decreases in net insurance premiums of \$5.7 million and an increase in amortization of deferred acquisition costs of \$2.4 million.

## **Closed Block**

The Closed Block was formed as of October 1, 2006 and contains all participating policies issued or assumed by Fidelity Life. The assets and future net cash flows of the Closed Block are available only for purposes of paying benefits, expenses and dividends of the Closed Block and are not available to the Company, except for an amount of additional funding that was established at inception. The additional funding was designed to protect the block against future adverse experience, and if the funding is not required for that purpose, it is subject to reversion to the Company in the future. Any reversion of Closed Block assets to the Company must be approved by the Illinois Department of Insurance.

The maximum future earnings to be recognized from Closed Block assets and liabilities represent the estimated future Closed Block profits that will accrue to the Company and is calculated as the excess of Closed Block assets over Closed Block liabilities. Included in Closed Block assets at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, are \$10.3 million and \$10.2 million, respectively, of additional Closed Block funding, plus accrued interest, that is eligible for reversion to the Company if not needed to fund Closed Block experience.

The Closed Block was funded based on a model developed to forecast the future cash flows of the Closed Block which is referred to as the "glide path." The glide path model projected the anticipated future cash flows of the Closed Block as established at the initial funding. We compare the actual results of the Closed Block to expected results from the glide path as part of the annual assessment of the current level of policyholder dividends. The assessment of policyholder dividends includes projections of future experience of the Closed Block policies and the investment experience of the Closed Block assets. The review of Closed Block experience also includes consideration of whether a policy dividend obligation should be recorded to reflect favorable Closed Block experience that has not yet been reflected in the dividend scales. See "Note 5—Closed Block" in the accompanying Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The block where there are no dividends expected had a significant number of policies issued in December 1999 which had level premiums for the first 20 durations, followed by premiums which increased significantly in duration 21 as the premiums from that point forward go to an annually increasing scale. The approximate increase in premiums going from the 20th to the 21st duration is 1300%. Direct policies are a mixture of annual, semi-annual, quarterly, and monthly premium payment modes, whereas ceded policies are all annual premium mode. Therefore, both direct and ceded premiums increased significantly in the fourth quarter of 2019 on the Closed Block compared to the prior year as this group of policies ended their level term with larger impacts affecting ceded premiums more than direct premiums as a result of these modal differences.

Most of these policies lapsed in the first quarter of 2020 causing increases in net insurance premiums due to modal differences in direct and ceded premiums and a reduction in ceding allowances included in operating costs and expenses and life, annuity and health claim benefits and offset by a decrease in amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs.

# **Corporate & Other Segment**

The results of the Corporate & Other Segment were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended J			June 30,		
		2021 2020				2021		2020	
		(dollars in	thousa	nds)		(dollars in	thousa	housands)	
Revenues									
Net investment income	\$	59	\$	_	\$	105	\$	93	
Net realized investment gains		195		_		590		_	
Earned commissions		(606)		(6,433)		(1,858)		(12,899)	
Total revenues		(352)		(6,433)		(1,163)		(12,806)	
Expenses									
Operating costs and expenses		2,597		496		5,602		304	
Total expenses		2,597	_	496		5,602		304	
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$	(2,949)	\$	(6,929)	\$	(6,765)	\$	(13,110)	

#### Three Months Ended June 30, 2021 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2020

#### **Net Realized Investment Gains**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, net realized investment gains were \$0.2 million compared to \$0.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This change is a result of gains from other invested assets related to net asset value changes of other invested assets.

#### **Earned Commissions**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, earned commissions were (\$0.6) million compared to (\$6.4) million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. This increase is attributable to the elimination of lower intersegment earned commissions resulting from declining intersegment sales.

# **Operating Expenses**

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, operating expenses were \$2.6 million compared to \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The increase of \$2.1 million is primarily related to \$2.6 million lower deferral of internal agent selling expenses from lower intersegment sales, partially offset by a decline in corporate costs of \$0.5 million.

#### (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, net loss decreased from \$6.9 million to \$2.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The reduced loss is primarily a result of lower intersegment sales.

# Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

#### **Net Realized Investment Gains**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net realized investment gains were \$0.6 million compared to \$0.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This change is a result of gains from other invested assets related to net asset value changes of other invested assets.

#### **Earned Commissions**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, earned commissions were (\$1.9) million compared to (\$12.9) million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. This increase is attributable to the elimination of lower intersegment earned commissions resulting from declining intersegment sales.

#### **Operating Expenses**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, operating expenses were \$5.6 million compared to \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The increase of \$5.3 million is primarily related to \$5.5 million lower deferral of internal agent selling expenses related to lower intersegment sales, partially offset by a decline in corporate costs of \$0.2 million.

# (Loss) Income Before Income Taxes

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, net loss decreased from \$13.1 million to \$6.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The reduced loss is primarily a result of lower intersegment sales.

#### **Investments**

#### **Investment Returns**

We invest available cash and funds that support our regulatory capital, surplus requirements and policy reserves in investment securities that are included in the Insurance and Corporate & Other Segments. We earn income on these investments in the form of interest on fixed maturities (bonds and mortgage loans) and dividends (equity holdings). Net investment income is recorded as revenue, net of investment related expenses. The amount of net investment income that we recognize will vary depending on the amount of invested assets that we own, the types of investments, the interest rates earned, and amount of dividends received on our investments.

Gains and losses on sales of investments are classified as "realized investment gains (losses)" and are recorded as revenue. Capital appreciation and depreciation caused by changes in the market value of investments classified as "available-for-sale" is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income. The amount of investment gains and losses that we recognize depends on the amount of and the types of invested assets we own, and the market conditions related to those investments. Our cash needs can vary from time to time and could require that we sell invested assets to fund cash needs.

#### **Investment Guidelines**

Our investment strategy and guidelines are developed by management and approved by the Investment Committee of Fidelity Life's board of directors. Our investment strategy related to the Insurance Segment is designed to maintain a well-diversified, high quality fixed income portfolio that will provide adequate levels of net investment income and liquidity to meet our policyholder obligations under our life insurance policies and our assumed annuity deposits. To help maintain liquidity, we establish the duration of invested assets within a tolerance to the policy liability duration. The investments of the Insurance Segment are managed with an emphasis on current income within quality and diversification constraints. The focus is on book yield of the fixed income portfolio as the anticipated portfolio yield is a key element used in pricing our insurance products and establishing policyholder crediting rates on our annuity contracts.

We apply our overall investment strategy and guidelines on a consolidated basis for purposes of monitoring compliance with our overall guidelines. All of our investments are owned by Fidelity Life and are maintained in compliance with insurance regulations. Critical guidelines of our investment plan include:

- Asset concentration guidelines that limit the amount that we hold in any one issuer of securities,
- Asset quality guidelines applied on a portfolio basis and for individual issues that establish a minimum asset quality standard for portfolios
  and establish minimum asset quality standards for investment purchases and investment holdings,
- Liquidity guidelines that limit the amount of illiquid assets that can be held at any time, and
- Diversification guidelines that limit the exposure at any time to the total portfolio by investment sectors.

Our investment portfolios are all managed by third-party investment managers that specialize in insurance company asset management. These managers are selected based upon their expertise in the particular asset classes that we own. We contract with an investment management firm to provide overall assistance with oversight of our portfolio managers, evaluation of investment performance and assistance with development and implementation of our investment strategy. This investment management firm reports to our Chief Financial Officer and to the Investment Committee of Fidelity Life's board of directors. On a quarterly basis, or more frequently if circumstances require, we review the performance of all portfolios and portfolio managers with the Investment Committee.

The following table shows the distribution of the fixed maturities classified as available-for-sale by quality rating using the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's (S&P), a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. For securities where the S&P rating is not available (not rated), the NAIC rating is used. Over the periods presented, we have maintained a consistent weighted average bond quality rating of "A." The percentage allocation of total investment grade securities was 97.3% and 97.9% at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

		Estimated F	air Va	llue	
	 June 30, 202	1		December	31, 2020
		(dollars in th	ıousar	ıds)	
S&P Rating					
AAA	\$ 80,445	22.4%	\$	91,153	25.2%
AA	77,777	21.6%		75,167	20.7%
A	83,539	23.2%		95,263	26.2%
BBB	71,845	19.9%		72,945	20.0%
Not rated	36,815	10.2%		21,261	5.8%
Total investment grade	350,421	97.3%		355,789	97.9%
BB	5,942	1.6%		4,814	1.3%
В	3,474	1.0%		2,627	0.7%
CCC	382	0.1%		418	0.1%
D	4	0.0%		5	0.0%
Not Rated	_	0.0%		198	0.0%
Total below investment grade	9,802	2.7%		8,062	2.1%
Total	\$ 360,223	100.0%	\$	363,851	100.0%

The following table sets forth the maturity profile of our fixed maturities at June 30, 2021 from December 31, 2020. Expected maturities could differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations, with or without penalty.

		June 30	2021		December 31, 2020							
(dollars in thousands)	Amortized Cost	%	Estimated Fair Value	%	Amortized Cost	%	Estimated Fair Value	%				
Due in one year or less	\$ 2,748	0.8%	\$ 2,760	0.8%	\$ 9,296	2.8%	\$ 9,371	2.6%				
Due after one year through five years	38,376	11.6%	41,629	11.6%	42,301	12.9%	46,085	12.7%				
Due after five years through ten years	53,694	16.2%	58,221	16.2%	41,115	12.5%	45,997	12.6%				
Due after ten years	128,680	39.0%	147,608	40.9%	119,693	36.5%	143,477	39.4%				
Securities not due at a single maturity date-primarily mortgage and												
asset-backed securities	106,969	32.4%	110,005	30.5%	115,858	35.3%	118,921	32.7%				
Total fixed maturities	\$ 330,467	100.0%	\$ 360,223	100.0%	\$ 328,263	100.0%	\$ 363,851	100.0%				

Every quarter, we review all investments where the market value is less than the carrying value to ascertain if the impairment of the security's value is OTTI. The quarterly review is targeted to focus on securities with larger impairments and that have been in an impaired status for longer periods of time. See "Note 9 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)" in the accompanying Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

#### **Net Investment Income**

One key measure of our net investment income is the book yield on our holdings of fixed maturities classified as available-for-sale. Fair value of these securities totaled \$360.2 million and \$363.9 million as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Book yield is the effective interest rate, before investment expenses, that we earn on these investments. Book yield is calculated as the percent of net investment income to the average amortized cost of the underlying investments for the period. For the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, our book yield on fixed maturities available-for-sale was 3.6% and 3.9%, respectively. See "Note 2 – Investments" in the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

#### **Interest Credited to Policyholder Account Balances**

Included with the future policy benefits is the liability for contract holder deposits on deferred annuity contracts assumed through two reinsurance agreements effective in 1991 and 1992 and certain other policy funds left on deposit with the Company. The aggregate liability for deposits is as follows:

	June 30, 2021  Ending Balance		De	cember 31, 2020 Ending Balance	Year to Daniel Interest			June 30, 2020 Year to Date Interest Credited
				(dollars in	thous	ands)		
Annuity contract holder deposits—assumed	\$	73,453	\$	74,918	\$	1,368	\$	1,451
Dividends left on deposit		7,045		7,271		86		92
Other		1,699		1,680		19		21
Total	\$	82,197	\$	83,869	\$	1,473	\$	1,564

The liability for deferred annuity deposits represents the contract holder account balances. Due to the declines in market interest rates and the book yield on our investment portfolio, we credit interest on all contract holder deposit liabilities at contractual rates that are currently at the minimum rate allowed by the contract or by state regulations.

Our Insurance Segment realizes operating profit from the excess of our book yield realized on fixed maturities that support our contract holder deposits over the amount of interest that we credit to the contract holder. We refer to this operating profit as the "spread" we earn on contract holder deposits. If book yields decline further, the amount of spread between the interest earned and credited will be reduced.

# **Net Realized Investment Gains (Losses)**

Net realized investment gains (losses) are subject to general economic trends and generally correlate with movements in major market indexes. The amounts classified as net realized gains (losses) in our Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations include amounts realized from sales of investments, mark-to-market adjustments and OTTI of individual securities related to credit impairment. See "Note 2 – Investments" in the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

#### **Unrealized Holding Gains (Losses)**

The Company records capital appreciation/depreciation on the available-for-sale fixed maturities. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, accumulated other comprehensive income, from mark-to-market adjustments of our available-for-sale fixed income securities, net of federal income taxes and reserves was \$(3.3) million and \$3.0 million, respectively. See "Note 9 – Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" in the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

#### **Financial Position**

At June 30, 2021, we had total assets of \$774.9 million compared to total assets at December 31, 2020 of \$768.8 million, an increase of \$6.1 million. Reinsurance recoverables increased \$10.5 million as a result of a \$8.4 million increase in ceded policy and claim reserves and an increase of \$2.0 million related to timing of settlements of reinsured claims. Commission and agent balances increased \$9.8 million due to increases in agent debit balances as result of changes in commission payment structures and increased production. Deferred policy acquisition costs increased \$2.8 million primarily due to deferrals on new business in excess of amortization. Other assets increased \$1.8 million, primarily due to increases internally developed software. Deferred income taxes increased \$1.6 million, primarily due to a deferred tax credit as a result of net loss and tax on unrealized investment market losses. The above increases were offset primarily by the following: Cash and cash equivalents decrease of \$16.4 million is attributable to cash used in operating, investing and financing activities. See Cash Flows section for further discussion on changes in cash. The invested asset base decreased \$3.9 million, mainly due to \$5.8 million in net unrealized losses, partially offset by net purchases.

At June 30, 2021, we had total liabilities of \$590.3 million compared to total liabilities of \$573.5 million at December 31, 2020, an increase of \$16.8 million. Future policy benefits and claims increased \$17.9 million, primarily due to a \$22.7 million increase in Core Life and Non-Core Life lines resulting from growth of the underlying blocks of business, partially offset by decreases in Annuities and assumed life of \$1.5 million and Closed Block of \$3.3 million. Other liabilities increased \$4.3 million, primarily related to timing of investment trades and higher operating expense accruals, reinsurance liabilities and payables increased \$0.2 million, primarily related to timing of ceded premium payments. The increases were partially offset by a decrease in debt of \$2.8 million related to net payments under our commission financing agreement with Hannover Life and a \$1.7 million decrease in Policyholder account balances, largely due to annuity payments. Other policyholder liabilities decreased \$1.1 million due to increased claims incurred during the year.

At June 30, 2021, total equity decreased to \$184.7 million from \$195.2 million at December 31, 2020. This decrease in equity of \$10.5 million was attributable to decreases in retained earnings of \$7.2 million due to net loss and other comprehensive loss of \$3.3 million related to market declines in fixed maturities.

# **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our principal sources of funds are from premium revenues, commission revenues, net investment income and proceeds from the sale or maturity of investments and net borrowings. The Company's primary uses of funds are for payment of life, annuity and health claim benefits, contract holder withdrawals on assumed annuity contracts, new business acquisition costs for our insurance operations (i.e., commissions, underwriting and issue costs), cost of sales for Agency operations (i.e., agent compensation, purchased lead and lead generation costs), operating costs and expenses and purchases of investments. Our investment portfolio is structured to provide funds periodically over time, through net investment income and maturities, for the payment of policy benefits and contract holder withdrawals.

Under our commission financing arrangement with Hannover Life, Fidelity Life is able to pay level annual commissions instead of first year only commissions to Efinancial for sales of *RAPID*ecision® Life policies and Hannover Life advances to Efinancial amounts approximately equal to first year only commissions for sales of those policies. This arrangement reduces Fidelity Life's surplus strain associated with issuing *RAPID*ecision® Life business while helping to provide liquidity for Efinancial through the receipt of larger first year only commissions. In the first quarter of 2021, the Company ceased new advances on this financing arrangement. As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, we had net advances of \$23.9 million and \$27.5 million, respectively, under this arrangement.

We are a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Chicago (the "FHLBC"). As a member, we are able to borrow on a collateralized basis from the FHLBC. We own FHLBC common stock with a book value of \$0.1 million, which allows us to borrow up to \$2.6 million. Interest on borrowed funds is charged at variable rates established from time to time by the FHLBC based on the interest rate option selected at the time of the borrowing. There have been no borrowings from the FHLBC during 2021 and 2020.

Following the Conversion, Fidelity Life has agreed not to pay any dividends without the approval of a majority of the Company designees. In connection with the approval of the Conversion by the Illinois Director of Insurance, we agreed, for a period of twenty-four months following the completion of the Conversion, to (i) seek the prior approval of the Illinois Department of Insurance for any declaration of an ordinary dividend by Fidelity Life, and (ii) either maintain \$20 million of the proceeds of the offering at the Company or use all or a portion of that \$20 million to fund our operations.

#### **Cash Flows**

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company had a net decrease in cash of \$16.5 million compared to a net increase of \$19.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

The decrease in cash flows from operating activities is primarily due to increased paid claims and timing related to reinsurance recoverables.

Cash flows from investing activities mainly includes our fixed maturities, mortgage loans, and equity holdings. Period to period, the cash flows associated with the changes in these portfolios will vary between cash sources and cash uses depending on the need for cash or the excess of cash from operating activities, as well as portfolio trading due to investment market conditions. In the first six months of 2021 cash of \$1.9 million was used to acquire \$3.1 million of capitalized software, partially offset by net invested assets sales of \$1.2 million.

Cash flows from financing activities declined due to changes in the commission financing arrangement. Also included in financing cash are cash withdrawals by contract holders of annuities that were primarily written in the late 1980s.

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	 Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2021		2020		
	 (dollars in thousands)				
Consolidated Summary of Cash Flows					
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities	\$ (7,759)	\$	5,436		
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities	(1,951)		13,813		
Net cash (used) by financing activities	(6,670)		(127)		
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (16,380)	\$	19,122		

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

All applicable adopted accounting pronouncements have been reflected in our Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2021. See "Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-Q.

# **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on such evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

# **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) under the Exchange Act) during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### **Limitations on Effectives of Controls and Procedures**

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures. The objectives of internal control include providing management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

#### Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are, from time to time, involved in various legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. While it is not possible to forecast the outcome of such legal proceedings, in light of existing insurance, reinsurance, and established reserves, we believe that there is no individual case pending that is likely to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

# Item 1A. Risk Factors

Not applicable to smaller reporting companies.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

## **Use of IPO Proceeds**

The Company completed its IPO on August 7, 2019, pursuant to a Form S-1 declared effective by the SEC on June 20, 2019 (File No. 333-231952). Below are further details of the use of the IPO proceeds: Vericity, Inc. registered the sale of a maximum of 20,125,000 shares, of which 14,875,000 were sold in the IPO. Raymond James served as managing underwriter in the IPO.

- The amount registered and the aggregate price of the offering amount was 20,125,000 and \$201,250,000, respectively, and the amount sold and the aggregate price of the offering amount was 14,875,000 and \$148,750,000, respectively.
- The common stock was registered pursuant to the Form S-1 described above.
- The total offering expenses incurred in connection with the IPO were \$15.9 million, including \$4.0 million paid to the underwriters. Offering expenses of \$11.9 million were comprised of \$5.9 million in legal fees and expenses, \$2.6 million of actuarial fees and expenses, \$1.8 million of printing and mailing, and \$1.6 million of accounting fees and expenses.
- The net offering proceeds to Vericity, Inc. after deducting total offering expenses and the special one-time distribution was \$39.8 million.

- Vericity, Inc. expects that any unallocated net proceeds from the offering will be used for general corporate purposes, including paying holding company expenses and the special one-time distribution to stockholders referenced in "Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Shareholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities" in the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.
- Additionally, pursuant to an agreement with the Illinois Department of Insurance, at least \$20 million of the proceeds of the offering will be used to fund the operations of Vericity, Inc.'s various subsidiaries.

# Item 3. Default upon Senior Securities

None

# **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

None

#### **Item 5. Other Information**

None

# Item 6. Exhibits

31.1

31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Vericity, Inc.

Date: August 16, 2021

By: /s/ Chris S. Kim

Chris S. Kim

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

#### I, James Hohmann, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Vericity Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 16, 2021

/s/ James E. Hohmann

James E. Hohmann

Chief Executive Officer and President, Vericity, Inc.

#### I, Chris Kim, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Vericity Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 16, 2021

/s/ Chris S. Kim

Chris S. Kim

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, Vericity, Inc.

# Vericity, Inc.

# Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The undersigned officer of Vericity, Inc. ("Vericity") certifies, to his knowledge and solely for the purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Vericity for the period ended June 30, 2021 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Vericity.

Dated: August 16, 2021 By: /s/ James E. Hohmann

James E. Hohmann

Chief Executive Officer and President, Vericity, Inc.

# Vericity, Inc.

# Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The undersigned officer of Vericity, Inc. ("Vericity") certifies, to his knowledge and solely for the purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Vericity for the period ended June 30, 2021 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Vericity.

Dated: August 16, 2021 By: /s/ Chris S. Kim

Chris S. Kim

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and

Treasurer, Vericity, Inc.